舞台設備SIL3安全認證---兩廳院案例分享講座

SIL 3系統的定義: -個功能安全 完整性等級

3 的系統簡稱為 SIL3系統,是帶有 SIL3的安全儀表系 統(包含硬體與軟 體控制)的電氣/ 電子/可程式電子 安全相關系統。

功能安全作為 一個術語和工程學 科·是隨著複雜可 編程電子學的發展 而出現。



例如在一個舞台鍊條 吊車的馬達中加裝溫 度感測器,若溫度超 過一定值,即停止馬 達運轉,此機能就屬 於功能安全。

Picture By Mascamon at Luxembourgish Wikipedia

31.07.2019

舞台設備SIL3安全認證---兩廳院案例分享講座

安全完整性等級 (Safety Integrity Level 簡稱SIL)是功能 安全的一部份,定 義為由於安全功 / 機能所降低風險 的相對水準, 或是風險降低後, 風險的相對水準。 簡單來說,安 全完整性等級 就是度量安全 儀表系統所需 要的性能。



歐盟即將採用德國 "娛樂業舞台和製作 設施"標準(DGUV 17/18) ,規定在任 何人的上方移動表演 人員、布景、燈架等 舞台設備系統必須達 到 SIL3。SIL3對達到 SIL3認證的零件要求 的失效概率約為1000 年內允許失效1次。如 果一個舞台安全控制 系統有 100個SIL3組 件,整個系統的失效 機率降到10年內一次。 因此定期的整套系統 SIL3認證也非常重要。

30.07.2019

舞台設備SIL3安全認證---兩廳院案例分享講座

講師: Christoph Meyer-Stumborg

資格:

- VBG 德國(國家)保險公司授證的"娛樂業舞台和製作設施"
 安全認證專家(DGUV 17/18 [原稱 BGV C1] + DGUV G 315-390)
- 機械安全專家(2006/42/EC + DIN 56950-1/2/3/4)
- 功能安全專家(EN 61508-1 ... 7)
- 控制系統與自動化專家
- 健康、安全與環境管理(HSE)專家(根據DGUV V2§4(2)批准的安全工程師)
- 健康、安全與環境管理(HSE)現場專家(根據德國法規RAB 30部分B + C)
- 施工架專家(根據德國法規TRBS 1203 + TRBS 2121第1部分)
- 德國工商聯合會(IHK)健康、安全與環境管理(HSE)培訓師

經歷:

- 超過20年的娛樂業舞台與製作設施、舞台機械控制與自動化經驗
- 4年VBG 德國(國家)保險公司授證的"娛樂業舞台和製作設施"安全認證專家資歷



30.07.2019



Safety of Machinery 機械安全 + Functional Safety 功能安全

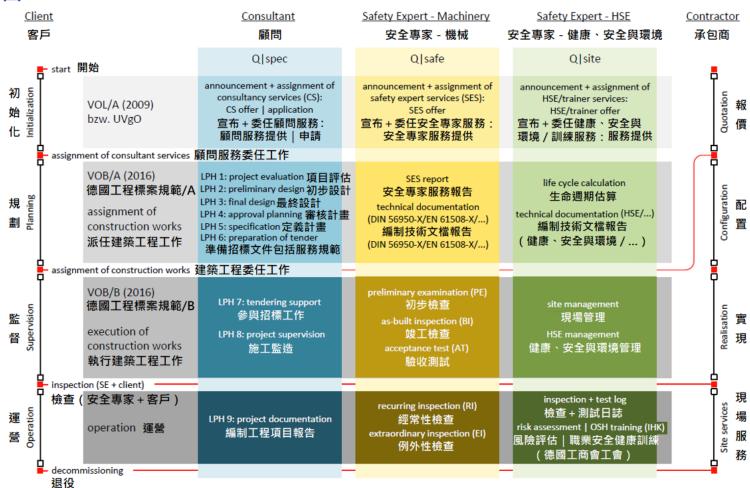
An Introduction 介紹

by Dipl.-Ing. Christoph Meyer-Stumborg | Safety Expert #16-092 B1B2B3B4 碩士工程師 Christoph Meyer-Stumborg | 德國安全專家證號 #16-092 B1B2B3B4



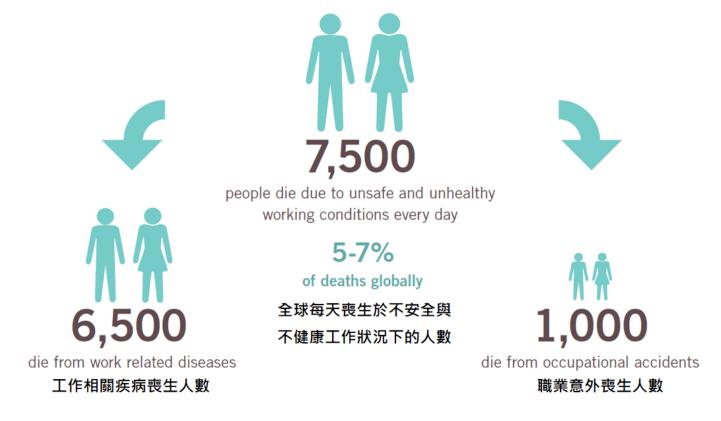
Engineering Office Q3 服務項目

- Christoph Meyer-Stumborg
- Electrical Engineer 電機工程師
- Founded 2013 成立於2013年
- Since 1997 working in entertainment business 1997年以 來工作於表演娛樂產業
- Consultant 顧問
- Safety Expert Machinery
 安全專家 機械
- Safety Expert OHS/HSE
 安全專家 職業安全與健康/健康、安全與環境
- www.triple-Q.de





OSH - Occupational Safety and Health | Today's picture osh - 職業安全與健康 現況



Source: ILO Report (2019) - SAFETY AND HEALTH AT THE HEART OF THE FUTURE OF WORK 來源:國際勞工組織報告(2019年) - 未來工作的重心:安全與健康



OSH - Occupational Safety and Health | General principles osh - 職業安全與健康| 一般性原則

- 1. Avoid hazards wherever possible 盡可能在各處避免危險
- 2. Keep the residual risk as low as possible 盡可能保持低的剩餘風險
- 3. Dangers are to be tackled at their source (→ inherently safe design measures) 應從源頭解決危險 (→本質上安全的設計措施)
- 4. Measures: Consideration of state of the art, occupational medicine, hygiene, ... 措施:考慮最新技術、職業醫學、衛生......
- 5. Measures: Linking technology, work organization, other working conditions, ... 措施:連結技術、工作組織、其他工作條件......
- 6. Individual protection measures are subordinate (→ personal protection equipment) 個人保護措施是從屬的 (→個人防護設備)
- 7. Appropriate instructions + trainings must be given to the users 必須提供使用者適當的說明+培訓



Standardization – Organizations 標準 – 組織

International 國際 Europe 歐洲 Germany 德國 DIN non-electrical technologies 非電機技術 electrical engineering CENELEC VDE DIN

ISO
International
Standardization
Organization
國際標準化組織

IEC
International
Electrotechnical
Commission
國際電工委員會



Structure of international standards 國際標準結構

type-A standards (basic safety standards) giving basic concepts, principles for design and general aspects that can be applied to machinery; → ISO 12100:2010 → IEC 61508-1 ... 7:2010 A類標準(基本安全標準),提供可應用於機械的基本概念,設計原則和一般方面; →ISO 12100:2010→IEC 61508-1 ... 7:2010

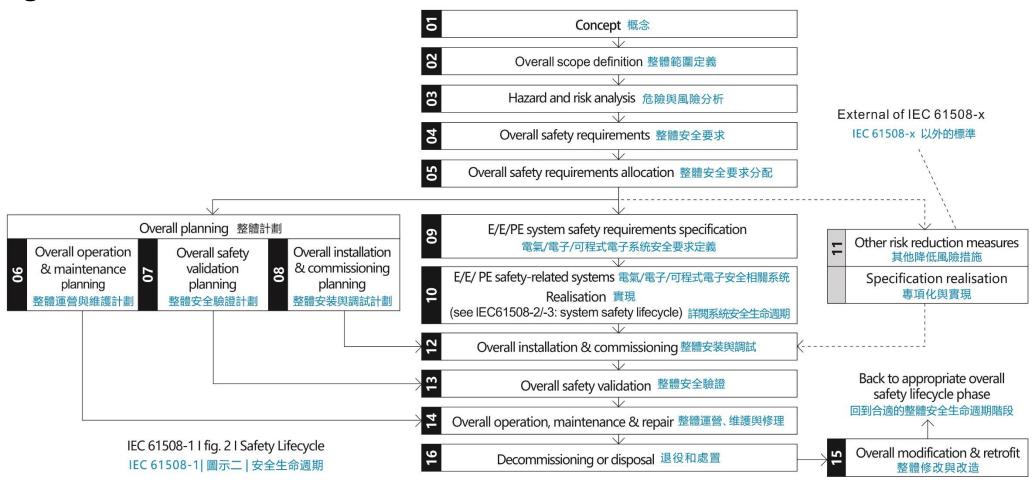
type-B standards (generic safety standards) dealing with one safety aspect or one type of safeguard that can be used across a wide range of machinery: B類標準 (通用安全標準)涉及一種安全方面或一種可用於各種機械的安全措施:

- type-B1 standards on particular safety aspects (for example, safety distances, surface temperature, noise); 關於特定安全方面的 B1類標準(例如安全距離、表面溫度、噪音);
- type-B2 standards on safeguards (for example, two-hand controls, interlocking devices, pressure-sensitive devices, guards);
 關於安全措施的B2類標準(例如雙手控制、聯鎖裝置、壓敏裝置、防護裝置);

type-C standards (machine safety standards) dealing with detailed safety requirements for a particular machine or group of machines. → DIN 56950-1:2012 → prEN 17206:2018 C型標準(機械安全標準),處理特定機械或機械組的詳細安全要求。 →DIN 56950-1:2012→prEN 17206:2018



Agenda 議程





Agenda 1 | 4 議程 1 | 4

Safety of machinery 「機械安全」

General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction

設計的一般原則 - 風險評估和降低風險

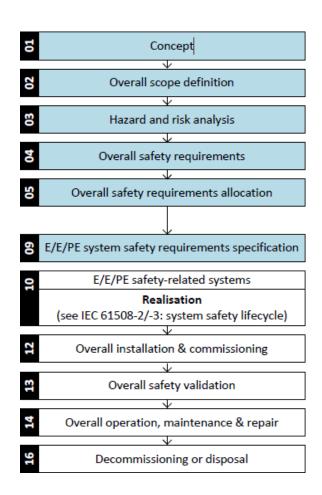
 \rightarrow ISO 12100:2010

Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable

electronic safety-related systems (E/E/PES)

電氣/電子/可編程電子安全相關系統的「功能安全」

→ IEC 61508-1 ... 7:2010





Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment/reduction 機械安全 - 設計的一般原則 - 風險評估/減少

Concept of safety of machinery 機械安全的概念

- → the ability of a machine to perform its intended function(s) →機器執行其預期功能的能力
- → during its life cycle →在其生命週期中
- → where risk has been adequately reduced →風險已經充分降低

IEC 12100 provides guidelines about how to obtain a safe machine or equipment under control IEC 12100提供了有關如何獲得安全機器或受控制設備的指南

Strategy: 策略:

- 1. Risk Assessment 1. 風險評估
- 2. Risk Reduction 2. 降低風險

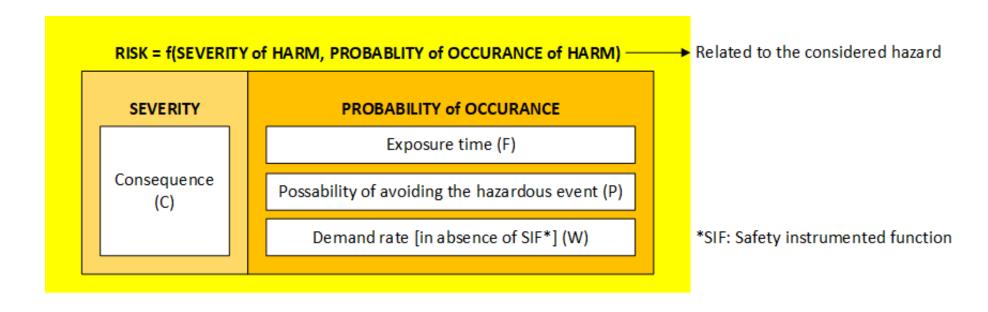




Safety of machinery - General principles for design — "Risk"

機械安全 - 設計的一般原則 - "風險"

From a machinery perspective, ISO 12100:2010 defines risk as: 從機械角度來看,ISO 12100:2010將風險定義為: "combination of the **probability of occurrence** of harm and the **severity** of that harm "傷害發生概率與傷害嚴重程度的組合"





Safety of machinery - General principles for design — "Hazard"

機械安全 - 設計的一般原則 - "危險"

From a machinery perspective, ISO 12100:2010 defines hazard as: 從機械角度來看, ISO 12100:2010將危險定義為:

"potential source of harm" "潛在的傷害來源"

Note 1: The term "hazard" can be qualified in order to define its **origin** (for example, mechanical hazard, electrical hazard) or the **nature** of the potential harm (for example, electric shock hazard, cutting hazard, toxic hazard, fire hazard). 注1: "危險" 一 詞可以限定其來源(例如機械危險、電氣危險)或潛在危害的性質(例如觸電危險、切割危險、毒性危害、火災危險)。

Note 2: The hazard envisaged by this definition either 注2: 該定義所設想的危險

- is **permanently present** during the intended use of the machine (for example, motion of hazardous moving elements, electric arc during a welding phase, unhealthy posture, noise emission, high temperature), or 在機器的預期使用期間永久存在 (例如危險運動元件的運動、焊接階段的電弧、不健康的姿勢、噪音、高溫),或者
- can appear unexpectedly (for example, explosion, crushing hazard as a consequence of an unintended/unexpected start-up, ejection as a consequence of a breakage, fall as a consequence of acceleration/deceleration). 可能出現意外情況(例如爆炸、由於意外/意外啟動造成的擠壓危險、由於破損導致的彈射、由於加速/減速而下降)。

Start



Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Assessment

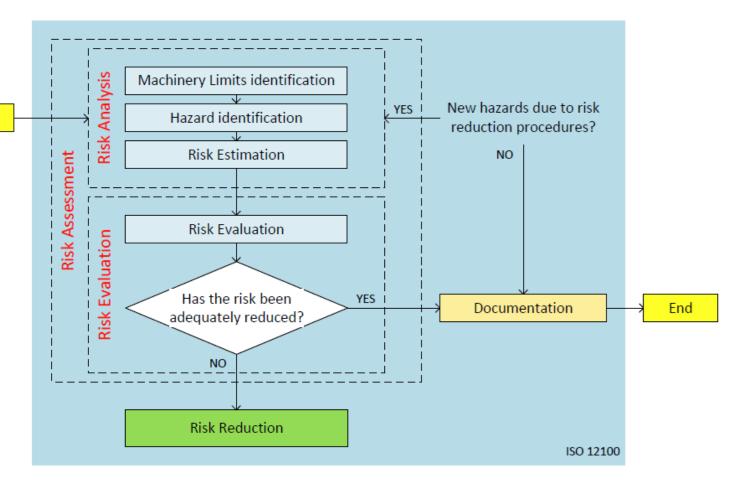
機械安全 - - 風險評估

The Risk Assessment is composed by

several operations:

風險評估由幾項操作組成:

- Machinery Limits identification 辨別機械限制
- Hazard identification 辨別危害
- Risk **Estimation** 風險估計
- Risk **Evaluation** 風險評測





Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction

機械安全 - - 降低風險

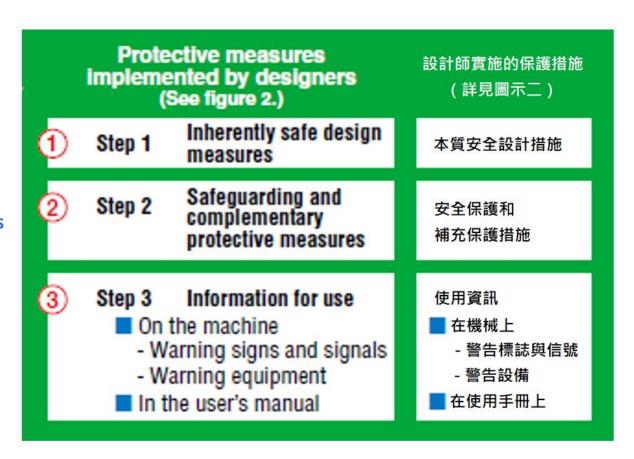
3-step Method and protective measures

implemented by designers: 設計師實施的三步法與保護措施:

- 1. Inherently safe design measures 本質安全的設計措施
- 2. Safeguarding and complementary protective measures 保護和補充保護措施
- 3. Information for use 使用資訊

According to priority, these measures are ordered as 1, 2, and then 3.

根據優先順序,這些措施按順序排列為1、2和3。





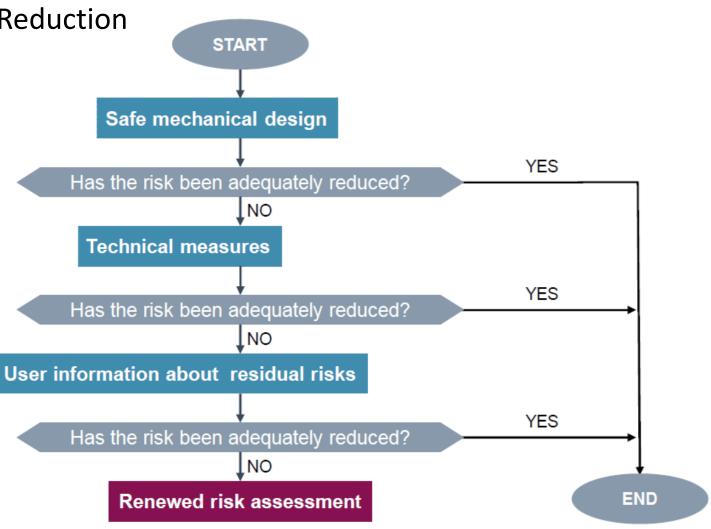
Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction

機械安全 - - 降低風險

1

2

3





Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction by inherently safe design measures

機械安全 - - 通過本質安全的設計措施降低風險

1. Inherently safe design measures/principles:

- Minimisation/Elimination
- Simplification
- Substitution
- Moderation

Minimize

Significantly reduce the quantity of hazardous material o energy in the system, or eliminate the hazard entirely if possible.

Simplify

Eliminating unnecessary complexity to make plants more "user friendly" and less prone to human error and incorrect operation

Substitute

Replace a hazardous material with a less hazardous substance, or hazardous chemistry with less hazardous reactions.

Moderate

Reduce the hazards of a process by handling materials in a less hazardous form, or under less hazardous condition, for examples at lower temperatures and pressures



Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction by safeguarding + protective measures

機械安全 - - 通過防護+保護措施降低風險

- 2. Safeguarding and complementary protective measures 保護和補充保護措施
- Protective devices that are part of a safety function, e.g., covers, doors, light curtains, ... 作為安全功能一部分的保護裝置,例如蓋子、門、光幕.....
- Monitoring units (monitoring position, speed, etc.) or 監控單元(監控位置,速度等)或
- Measures to reduce emissions 減少排放的措施











Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction by information for use

機械安全 - - 根據使用資訊減少風險

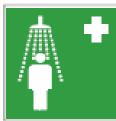
3. Information for use

- Communication means, such as texts, words, signs, signals, symbols, or diagrams, used separately or in combination to provide information to the user (employer and/or affected persons)
- The information shall contain all directions required for safe and intended use of a machine
- To achieve this purpose, it shall also inform and warn the user about residual risk











Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction by additional measures (user)

機械安全 - - 通過額外措施降低風險(使用者)

• ADDITIONAL DESIGN MEASURES 其他設計措施

Alternative materials, methods, or energy levels shall be substituted to reduce the risk of harm from hazards, where practicable 在可行的情況下,應採用替代材料、方法或能級,以降低危害造成傷害的風險

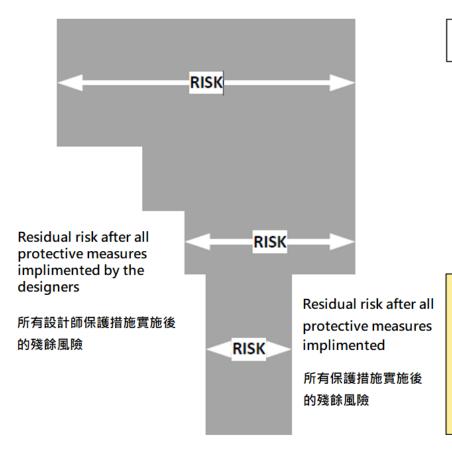
ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES 其他保護措施

Additional guards, safeguarding devices, and complementary protective measures shall be provided to reduce risk, where practicable 在可行的情況下,應提供額外的守護、防護裝置與補充保護措施,以降低風險



Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction 機械安全 - ... - 降低風險

Risk Assessment | Designer 風險評估 | 設計師 設計師實施的保護措施 (詳見圖示二) 本質安全設計措施 安全保護和 補充保護措施 Step 3 使用資訊 ■ 在機械上 - 警告標誌與信號 - 警告設備 在使用手冊上



Risk Assessment | User 風險評估 | 使用者

Protective measures implemented by

users Including measures based on the information of use

provided by the designers

使用者實施的保護措施

包括基於設計師提供的使用資訊而實施的措施



Safety of machinery - ... - Risk Reduction 機械安全 - ... - 降低風險

Occupational Safety and Health 職業安全與健康

Protective measures implemented by users: 使用者執行的保護措施

- 2. Safeguarding and complementary protective measures 防護與補充保護措施
- 3. Information of operational use 操作使用資訊

Protective measures implemented by **designers**: 設計師執行的保護措施

- 1. Inherently safe design measures 本質安全設計措施
- 2. Safeguarding and complementary protective measures 防護與補充保護措施
- 3. Information of product use 操作使用資訊

Product usage 產品使用 Operational safety 操作安全

Product safety 產品安全
Preventive OHS 預防職業健康與安全



Functional safety of E/E/PES

Concept 概念 《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》 Overall scope definition 整體範圍定義 Hazard and risk analysis 危險與風險分析 External of IEC 61508-x Overall safety requirements 整體安全要求 IEC 61508-x 以外的標準 Overall safety requirements allocation 整體安全要求分配 Overall planning 整體計劃 E/E/PE system safety requirements specification 60 Other risk reduction measures 電氣/電子/可程式電子系统安全要求定義 Overall operation Overall installation Overall safety 其他降低風險措施 & commissioning validation & maintenance E/E/ PE safety-related systems 電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系统 Specification realisation planning planning planning 10 專項化與實現 Realisation 實現 整體安装與調試計劃 整體運營與維護計畫 (see IEC61508-2/-3: system safety lifecycle) 詳閱系統安全生命週期 Overall installation & commissioning 整體安装與調試 Back to appropriate overall Overall safety validation 整體安全驗證 safety lifecycle phase 回到合滴的整體安全生命週期階段 Overall operation, maintenance & repair 整體運營、维護與修理 IEC 61508-1 I fig. 2 I Safety Lifecycle Overall modification & retrofit Decommissioning or disposal 退役和處置 IEC 61508-1| 圖示二 | 安全生命週期 整體修改與改造



Functional safety of E/E/PES 《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》

Why evaluate a product/system for functional safety?

為何要評估產品/系統的功能安全性?

- A functional safety assessment determines whether a product meets standards and performance requirements created to protect against potential risks, including injuries and even death 功能安全評估確定產品是否符合為防止 潛在風險(包括傷害甚至死亡)而製定的標準和性能要求
- Compliance is driven by customer requirements, legislation, regulations, and insurance demands 合規性由客戶要求,立法、法規和保險要求驅動

Functional Safety, as a term and as an engineering discipline, has emerged with the advancement of complex programmable electronics 功能安全作為一個術語和工程學科,隨著複雜可編程電子學的發展而出現





Functional safety of E/E/PES 《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》

IEC 61508-4:2010 defines Functional Safety as: IEC 61508-4:2010將功能安全定義為:

"part of the overall safety relating to the EUC and the EUC control system that depends on the correct functioning of the E/E/PE safety-related systems and other risk reduction measures"

"與EUC和EUC控制系統相關的整體安全的一部分,取決於E/E/PE安全相關係統的正確運行和其他降低風險的措施"



EUC Equipment under control 受控設備 [theater winch] 劇院捲揚機

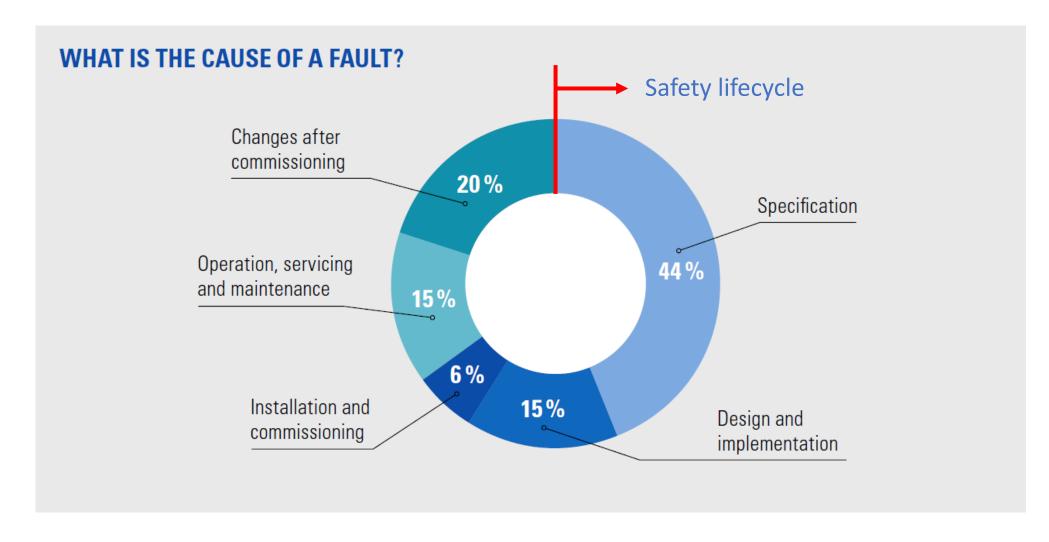
EUC control system 受控設備控制系統 [axle control computer] 軸控制計算機

ixle control computer] 控制計算機

The definitions of Functional safety show that it is not related to a specific technology. 功能安全的定義顯示它與特定技術無關。

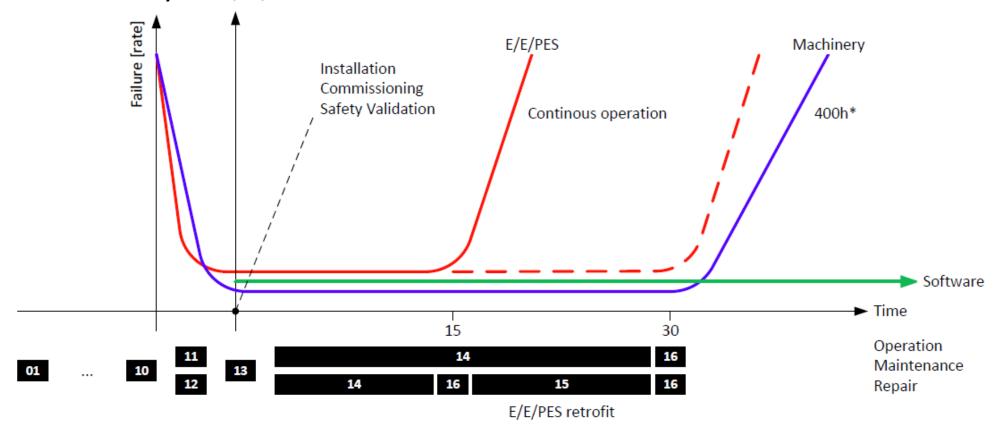








Functional safety of E/E/PES 《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》



^{*} FEM 9.511/9.755 (S.W.P): $400h \triangleq 30$ years operation [2,67 min/d * 330 d/y * 30 y | kmi = 0,8255 (50% full/50% half) | factor 1.1] FEM 9.511/9.755 (S.W.P): $400h \triangleq 20$ years operation [3,33 min/d * 330 d/y * 20 y | kmi = 1,000 (100%) | factor 1.1]



Functional safety of E/E/PES – Hardware (HW) safety integrity E/E/PES的功能安全 - 硬件(HW)安全完整性

Principles to achieve the intended HW safety integrity (IEC 61508-2): 實現預期硬件安全完整性的原則(IEC 61508-2):

- Redundancy 冗餘
- → Diversity of redundant channels to eliminate common cause failures →冗餘通道的多樣性,以消除共因故障
- Failure detection 故障檢測
- → per IEC 61508, detection implies a reaction to a safe (operating) state →根據IEC 61508, 檢測意味著對安全(運行)狀態的反應
- → For fail-safe applications, this can mean activation of the fail-safe state →對於故障安全應用程序,這可能意味著激活故障安全狀態
- Reliability of components 組件的可靠性
- → Probability of dangerous failure (on demand PFD, per hour PFH) in accordance with target failure measure of the required SIL →根據所需SIL的目標故障測量,危險故障的概率(按需要- PFD,每小時 PFH) PFD=系統無法在需要時執行其設計功能的概率。



Safety of machinery - General principles for design — "Risk graph" (I)

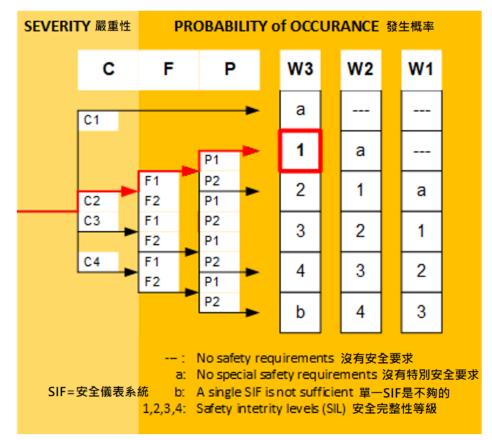
機械安全 - 設計的一般原則 - "風險圖" (Ⅰ)

Example: No people on stage / suspended load above stage coming (i.e. falling) down

範例:沒有人在舞台上/懸掛在舞台上面的負載下降(例如掉下)

Risk estimation related to mechanical hazard: 與機械危害相關的風險評估:

- Consequence (C) → C2: Serious 結果 (C) → C2: 嚴重
- Frequency /exposure time (F) → F1: Rare 頻率/曝光時間 (F) →F1: 罕見
- Possibility of avoiding (P) → P1: Possible 避免 (P) → P1的可能性:可能
- Demand rate [in absence of SIF] (W) → W3: High
 需求率[沒有SIF] (W) →W3: 高





Safety of machinery - General principles for design — "Risk graph" (II)

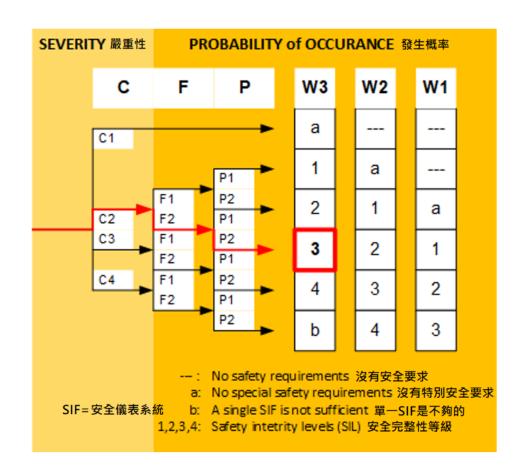
機械安全 - 設計的一般原則 - "風險圖" (Ⅱ)

Example: People on stage / suspended load above stage coming (i.e. falling) down

範例:人在舞台上/懸掛在舞台上面的負載下降(例如掉下)

Risk estimation related to mechanical hazard: 與機械危害相關的風險評估:

- Consequence (C) → C2: Serious 結果 (C) → C2: 嚴重
- Frequency /exposure time (F) → F2: Frequent
 頻率/曝光時間 (F) →F2: 頻繁
- Possibility of avoiding (P) → P2: Almost impossible
 避免 (P) →P2的可能性:幾乎不可能
- Demand rate [in absence of SIF] (W) → W3: High
 需求率[沒有SIF] (W) →W3: 高







Functional safety of E/E/PES

《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》

 λ_s – Failure rate of safe failures

 λ_{SD} – ... safe detected ...

 λ_{SII} – ... safe undetected ...

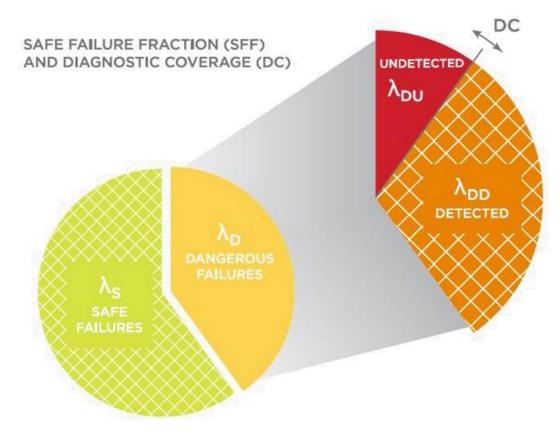
 λ_D – Failure rate of dangerous failures

 λ_{DD} – ... dangerous detected ...

 λ_{DU} – ... dangerous undetected ...

SFF – Safe Failure Fraction

DC – Diagnostic Coverage



$$SFF = \frac{\lambda_{S} + \lambda_{DD}}{\lambda_{S} + \lambda_{D}}$$

$$DC = \frac{\lambda_{DD}}{\lambda_{DD} + \lambda_{DU}}$$



Functional safety of E/E/PES

《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》

Low demand

Reaction time 反應時間 0,1 ...1s

High demand

Reaction time 反應時間 5...150ms

1 year = 8760 hours $\approx 10^4$ hours





Functional safety of E/E/PES - SIL 3 system E/E/PES 功能安全 - SIL 3系統

"SIL3 system" SIL3系統

E/E/PES with SIL3-SIFs

帶有SIL3-SIF的E / E / PES 電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全

[Safety-related E/E/PE-system with a complete set of safety instrumented functions (SIF) with safety integration level (SIL) 3] [安全相關的E/E/PE系統有一套完整的安全儀表功能(SIF) 安全完整性等級(SIL)3]

Safety instrumented functions (SIF) with SIL3: 帶有SIL3的安全儀表功能

| "Deadman" Release "使役開關"釋放 SS1 + SS2 | Safe torque off + operating stop 安全的扭矩關閉 + 運行停止 STO + SOS | Safe CAM Safe safety switch 安全的限位開關 安全的安全開關 SCA | Safely-limited speed + acc. 安全限制速度 +準確度 SLS + SLA | Safely-limited torque 安全限制的扭矩 SLT |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Safe | Safely-limited position 安全限制位置 SLP | Safe brake | Safe group | E-stop* |
| torque range | | control/ monitor | synchronisation | 緊急停止 |
| 安全扭矩範圍 | | 安全煞車控制監視 | 安全群組同步 | stop category 0 |
| STR | | SBC + SBM | "SGS" | stop category 1 |

Safety-related E/E/PES 電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統

^{*} Not SIF but supplementary safety function! *不是安全儀表功能,但是有輔助安全功能!



Agenda 2 | 4 議程2 | 4

Entertainment technology 娛樂技術

Machinery installations - Part 1: Safety requirements and inspections

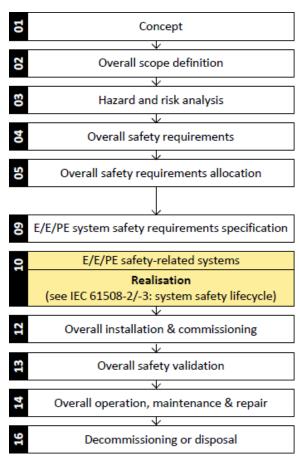
機械設備第1部分:安全要求和檢查

→ DIN 56950-1:2012

Entertainment technology 娛樂技術

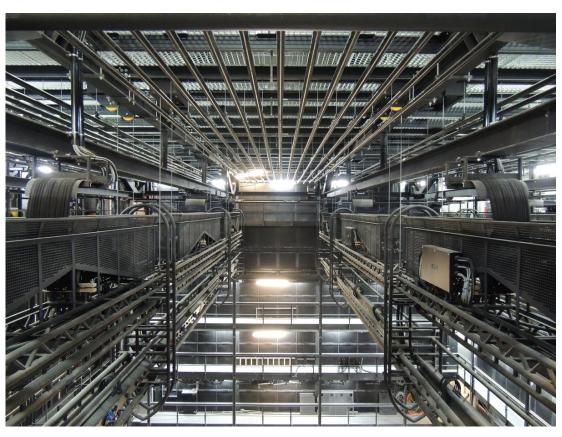
Lifting and load-bearing equipment for stages and other production areas within the entertainment Industry 用於娛樂業內舞台與其他製作區域的起重與承重設備 Specifications for general requirements 一般要求的規定

→ prEN 17206:2018





Entertainment technology – Impressions 娛樂技術 - 印象

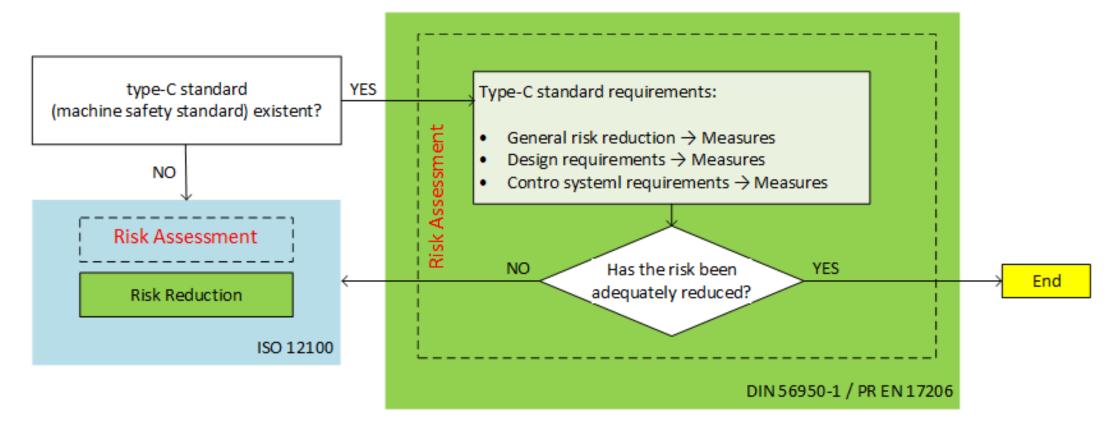






Entertainment technology – Risk Assessment + Reduction

娛樂技術 - 風險評估+降低



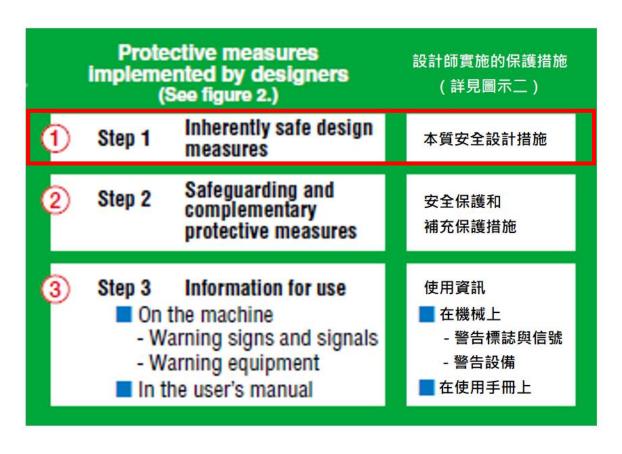




Entertainment technology – Risk Reduction

DIN 56950-1: Section 5 & 6: Inherently safe design measures

- Design of structural elements 結構元件設計:
 max (2 x F_{nominal} | 1 x F_{failure})
- → gear box, shafts, ...→齒輪箱、傳動軸......
- Doubling working coefficient (safety factor 10)
 加倍工作係數(安全係數10)
- → wire ropes, chains, shakles →鋼絲繩、鏈條、卸扣
- Additional requirements 其他要求
- → diameter drum/pulleys, rope termination, avoidance crushing/shearing/trapping, ...



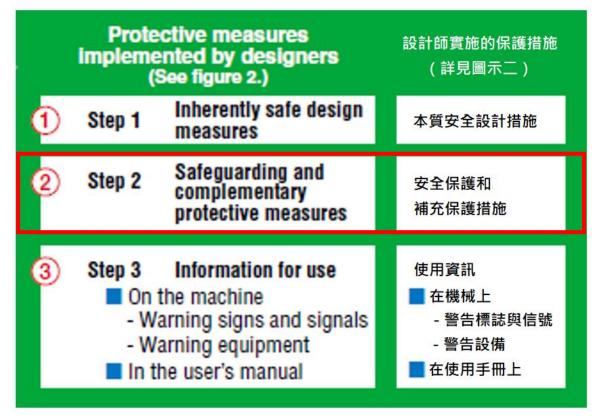




Entertainment technology – Risk Reduction

DIN 56950-1: Section 7: Technical measures

- General requirements
- → Selection of components, power supply, EMC, ...
- Protection of equipment
- → Overcurrent, power failure, temperature, lightning, ...
- "SIL3 system" = E/E/PES with SIL3-SIFs
- → Safety-related E/E/PE-system with a complete set of safety instrumented functions (SIF) with safety integration level (SIL) 3



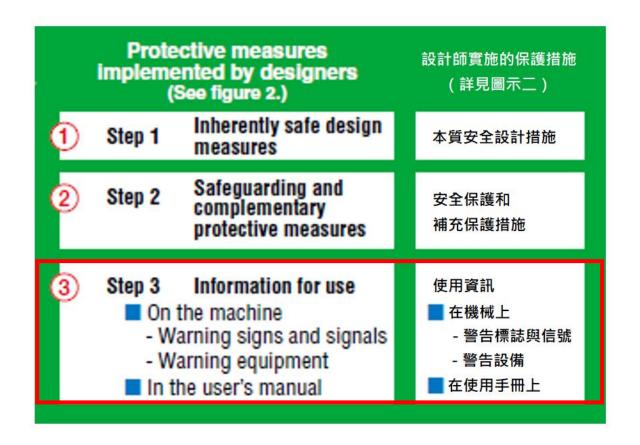




Entertainment technology – Risk Reduction

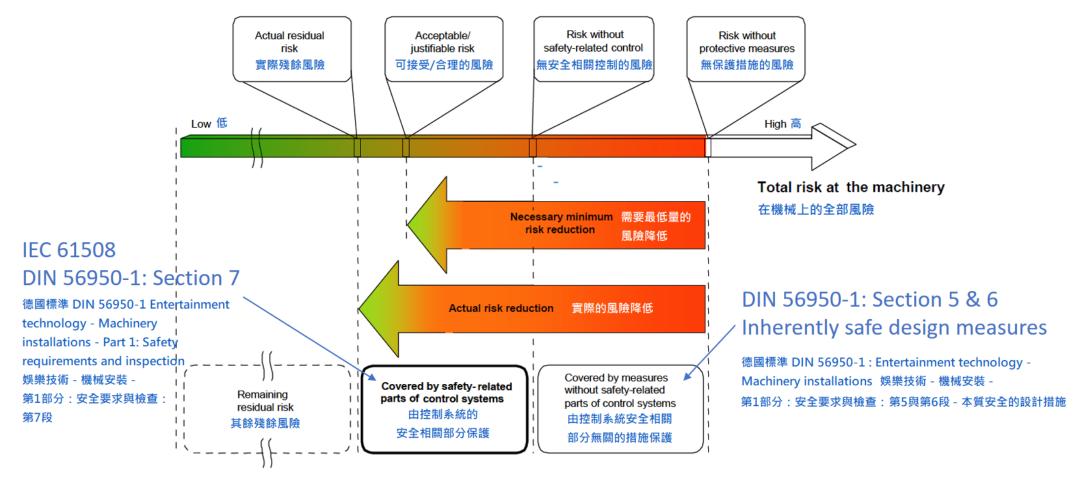
DIN 56950-1: Section 8: Information for use

- Technical data
- Marking
- Operation/User's manual + Maintenance Manuals
- → Machinery
- → Computer control system
- System log book





Functional safety of E/E/PES 《電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的功能安全》





Agenda 3 4 議程3 4

Entertainment technology 娛樂技術

Machinery installations - Part 1: Safety requirements and inspections

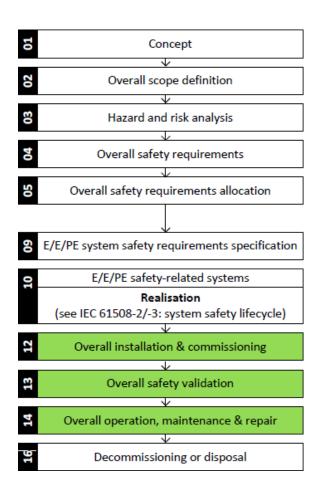
機械設備第1部分:安全要求與檢查

→ DIN 56950-1:2012

Entertainment technology 娛樂技術

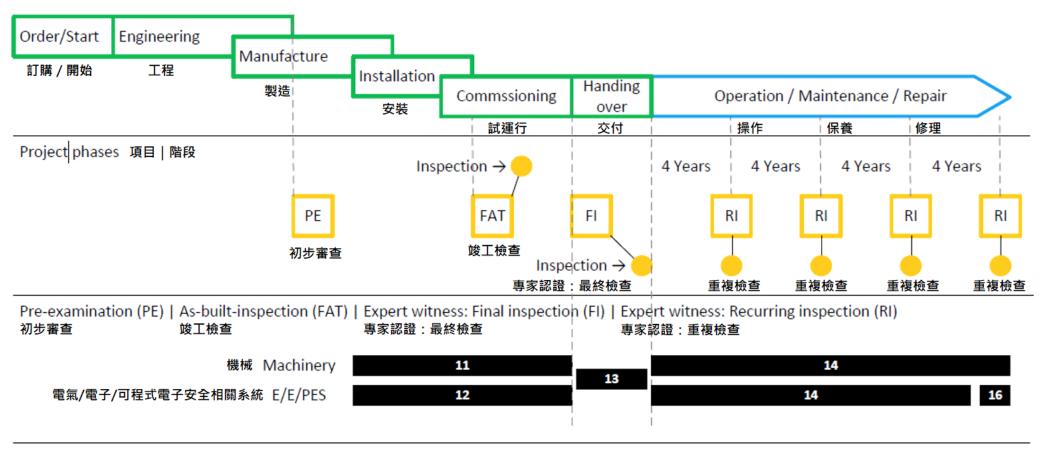
Lifting and load-bearing equipment for stages and other production areas within the entertainment Industry 娛樂產業用於舞台與其他製作的起重和承重設備 Specifications for general requirements 一般要求的規格

→ prEN 17206:2018





System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養



生命週期第11-16階段 Safety lifecycle phases 11 ... 16



System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養

| What? 什麼 | When? 何時 | Who? 誰 | Reference 參考 |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|
| Expert witness: Final inspection 專家證明:最終檢驗 | After installation + commissioning 安裝+調試後 | Safety Expert 安全專家 | |
| Recurring inspection 經常性檢查 Extraordinary inspection 例外性檢查 | Every 4 years of operation 每4年運作一次 In case of changes, add-ons,如有更改、增加, | Safety Expert 安全專家 | |
| System maintenance 系統維護 | Once/twice a year 一年一次/兩次 | User: Qualified persons 使用者:合格人員 Erection company 安裝公司 | Maintenance Contract 維護合約 |
| Visual inspection 目視檢查 Functional inspection 功能檢查 | Daily/weekly/monthly 每日/每週/每月 | User: Qualified persons 使用者:合格人員 | Maintenance Manual 維護手冊 |
| Troubleshooting training 問題排除培訓 System/Safety training 系統/安全培訓 | Once/twice a year 一年一次/兩次 | Erection company 安裝公司 Safety Expert 安全專家 | |

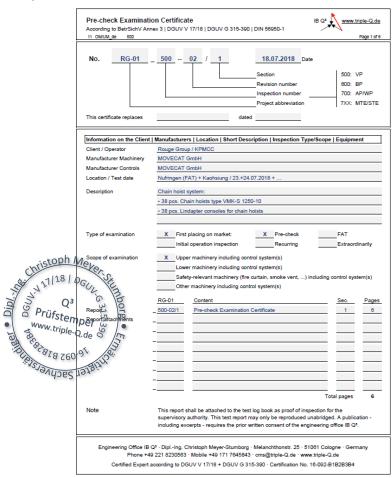


System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養

Preliminary examination (PE) | Evaluation of technical documentation:

初步審查(PE) | 評估技術文件:

- Specification with SIF description 帶SIF(安全儀表系統)描述的規範
- Hazard and risk analysis 危害和風險分析
- Design / manufacturing documents 設計/製造文件
- Design Checks 設計檢查
- Electrical diagrams + program flowcharts 電氣圖表+程序流程圖
- Certificates (SIL3, DIN EN 1090-2 / -3, ...) 證書 (SIL3 · DIN EN 1090-2 / -3 ·)
- → PE documentation 初步審查 (PE) |文檔

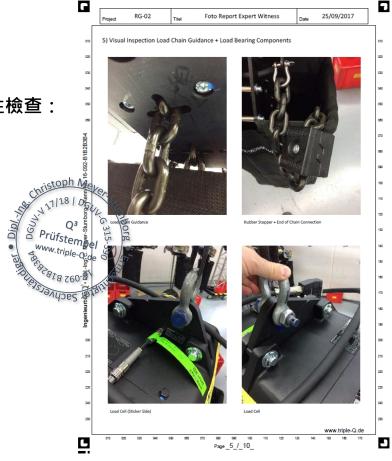




System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養

As-built inspection (FAT) | Conformity check of technical equipment with technical documentation: 竣工檢查 (FAT) | 技術設備與技術文檔的符合性檢查:

- Construction design 施工設計
- Load bearing capacity 承載能力
- Technical equipment 技術設備
- User Information 使用者資訊
- → FAT documentation FAT=Factory Acceptance Test 工廠驗收測試文檔



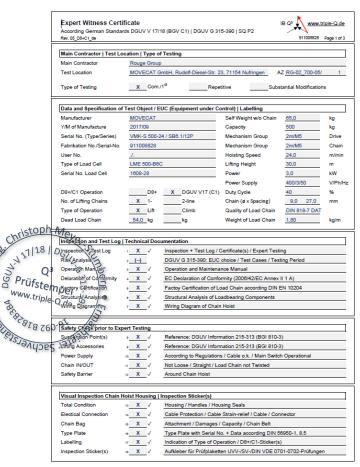


System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養

Expert witness: Final inspection (FI) | Testing of the operational systems:

專家證明:最終檢查(FI)|測試操作系統:

- Completeness of technical equipmente 工業技術設備的完整性
- Proper installation + labelling 正確安裝 + 標籤
- Function test safety devices + safety instrumented functions 功能測試安全裝置 + 安全儀表功能
- Load capacity + brake test (test loads) 負載能力+制動測試(測試負載)
- Check test criteria manufacturer 檢查製造商測試標準
- Installation and operating instructions 安裝和操作說明
- → Test report + test certificate →測試報告+測試證書





System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養

The safety of any work equipment used must be reactively, periodically, proactively + predictively maintained:

所使用的任何工作設備的安全必須是反應性的、定期的、主動 + 可預測的維護:

- Inspections* can detect any damage in good time 檢查*可以及時發現任何損壞
- Action can be decided on and taken 可以決定並採取行動
- Factors causing the damage can be identified and assessed 可以識別與評估造成損害的因素

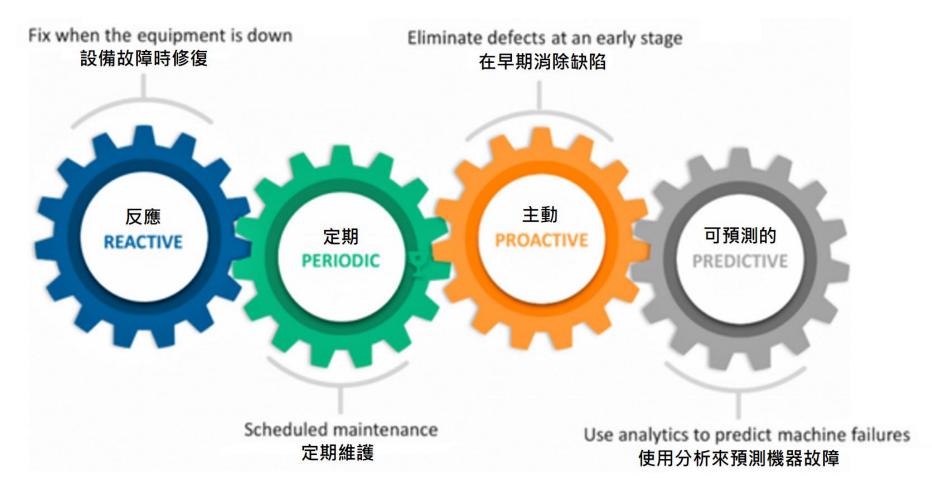


^{*} visible damage and wear, proper functioning, safeness for use, legibility of markings, ...

^{*}明顯的損壞和磨損、正常運行、使用安全、標記易讀性......



System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養





System validation | Operation | Maintenance 系統驗證| 操作| 保養

Operation/maintenance: Practices and training requirements for safety-related E/E/PES: 運行/維護: 與安全相關的E/E/PES 電氣/電子/可程式電子安全相關系統的實踐與培訓要求:

- Proof testing → integration test list with pass/fail criteria → safety expert 測試證明→帶有通過/失敗標準的整合測試列表→安全專家
- Inspection → separate requirements to inspect SIF for signs of degradation 檢查→單獨要求檢查SIF是否有退化跡象
- Repair → approved and tested by competent authority → safety expert 維修→由主管當局核可 與測試→安全專家
- Modification → appropriate change control procedures → safety expert 修改→適當的變更控制程序→安全專家
- Security → SIF should be secured from unauthorised interference 安全性→應保護SIF(安全儀表系統)免受未經授權的干擾
- Performance monitoring → SIF failure reporting + investigation 性能監控→SIF故障報告+調查





Agenda 4 | 4 議程 4 | 4

Benefits from third party inspection and services: 第三方檢查和服務的好處:

- a) System is designed to safety standards as IEC 61508, DIN 56950, ...: 系統被設計為符合 IEC 61508, DIN 56950等安全標準:
 - Detection of damage and wear 檢測損壞和磨損
 - Proof testing with full test report → Safeness for use 完整測試報告的證明測試→使用安全
- b) System needs refurbishment: 系統需要翻新:
 - Full report about system status 有關系統狀態的完整報告
 - Starting point for specifying → refurbishment 定義起點→翻新

Training: Safety of machinery + functional safety | OHS/HSE

培訓:機械安全+功能安全|OHS/HSE



| 01 | Concept | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| = | ↓ | | | | | |
| 02 | Overall scope definition | | | | | |
| | V | | | | | |
| 03 | Hazard and risk analysis | | | | | |
| | V | | | | | |
| 04 | Overall safety requirements | | | | | |
| | V | | | | | |
| 02 | Overall safety requirements allocation | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 60 | E/E/PE system safety requirements specification | | | | | |
| 10 | E/E/PE safety-related systems | | | | | |
| | Realisation | | | | | |
| | (see IEC 61508-2/-3: system safety lifecycle) | | | | | |
| _ | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| 12 | Overall installation & commissioning | | | | | |
| _ | V | | | | | |
| 13 | Overall safety validation | | | | | |
| | V | | | | | |
| 14 | Overall operation, maintenance & repair | | | | | |
| | V | | | | | |
| 16 | Decommissioning or disposal | | | | | |



Best practise - Safeties (I) 最佳實踐 - 安全 (I)

- Wire rope Ø 3 ... 10mm
- Rope termination: press sleeve + eyelet
- Quick link
- Marking (max. mass / wire rope Ø)



| Rope diameter for rope type | Quick-link diameter as specified in DIN 56927 [,] [mm] | | Maximum mass that can be secured with safety rope in the event of falls from a height of 20 cm max. | |
|---|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| 6 x 19 M with a rated strength of 1770 N/mm ² [mm] | | | Length 0.6 m [kg] | Length 1.0 m or longer [kg] |
| 3 | 4 | | 5 | 9 |
| 4 | 4 | | 10 | 16 |
| 5 | 5 | | 15 | 25 |
| 6 | 6 | | 22 | 36 |
| 8 | 8 | | 40 | 64 |
| 10 | 10 | | 62 | 100 |



Best practise - Safeties (II) 最佳實踐 - 安全 (II)

- Attachment at the securing eye on the luminaire and around load-attachment point on the building structure 在燈具上的固定孔處以及建築物結構上的負載連接點附近
- → weakest component determines the load-bearing capacity!
- →最薄弱的部件決定了承重能力!
- Safety elements (or "safeties") must be attached in such a way that there is no drop
 → 20 cm max! 必須安裝安全元件(或 "安全裝置"),使其不會下降→最大20公分!
- Forces 20 cm dropping distance: 20公分下降距離的力量:
- → 78 times of falling mass for a rope length of 0.6 m →鋼索長度為0.6米時,質量下降78倍
- → 48 times of falling mass for a rope length of 1.0 m →鋼索長度為1米時,質量下降48倍
- Best practice: Safety ropes with a shock absorber 最佳實踐:帶減震器的安全鋼索





Best practise - Heavy loads (I) 最佳實務 - 重載 (I)

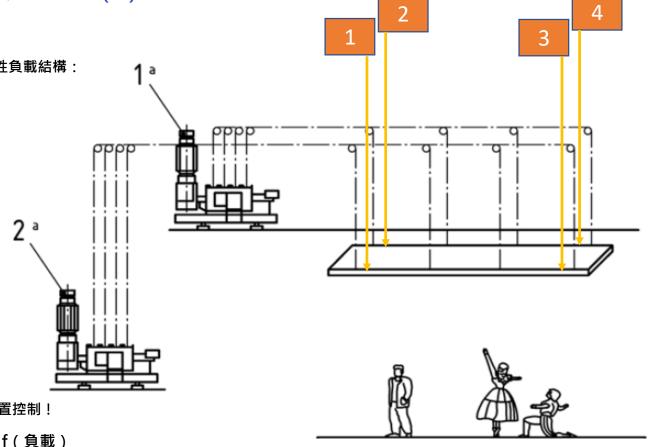
Rigid structure of load with 4 pick-ups: 帶有4個傳感器的剛性負載結構:

- → statically indefinite 靜態不確定
- \rightarrow 0,5 x payload per lifting equipment
- →每台起重設備的有效載荷為0.5 x

Soft structure of load with 4 pick-ups:

帶有4個傳感器的軟性負載結構:

- → statically (in)definite 靜態確定
- \rightarrow 0,9 x payload per lifting equipment
- →每台起重設備的有效載荷為0.9倍
- Variable speed hoists: Position control! 變速提昇機:位置控制!
- Fixed speed hoists: speed = f(load) 定速提昇機:速度=f(負載)



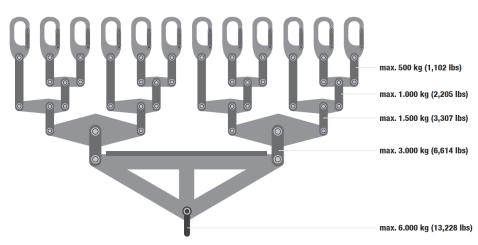


Best practise — Heavy loads (II) 最佳實踐- 重載 (II)

Best practice: Batten Clew 最佳實踐: Batten Clew 吊桿載重連結器

Batten Clews allow heavy loads to be evenly distributed over several pipe battens Batten Clews 允許重載均勻分佈在幾個吊桿上

- → Ensure control system synchronisation 確保控制系統同步
- → Be aware of displacement of pipe battens + center of gravity 注意吊桿的位移+重心
- → Be aware of maximum deviation in case of failure 如果發生故障,請注意最大偏差
- → Check travel height 檢查行程高度







Thank you for your attention 感謝您的關注



Christoph Meyer-Stumborg <cms@triple-Q.de>